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Q1. The title of 'Viceroy' was added to the centre office of the GovernorGeneral of India for the first-time in
a) 1848 A.D.
b) 1858 A.D.
c) 1862 A.D.
d) 1856 A.D.
Q2. Prior to 1813, which among the following measures, was not adopted by the British to exploit the Indians economically?
a) Monopolising the trade of raw goods wherever possible and selling them at high rates
b) Forcing Indiancraftsman to produce quality products in fixed quantity and at fixed price
c) Free Trade Policy
d) Elimination of Indian traders from competition by every means
Q3. After his return to Britain, Robert Clive died in 1774 due to
a) A dreadful disease
b) Committed suicide
c) Was assassinated
d) Died under mysterious circumstances
Q4. Which British military officer defeated Tipu Sultan in India, Napolean

Bonaparte in Europe and eventually, became the Duke of Wellington?

a) Arthur Wellesley

b) Robert Clive

- c) Warren Hastings
- d) Richard Wellesley

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- **Q5.** Who among the following has started the Public Works Department in India in AD 1848?
- a) Lord William Bentinck
- b) Lord Dalhousie
- c) Lord Wellesley
- d) Lord Cornwallis
- Q6. "White Mutiny" by the European soldiers, was staged during the period of:
- a) Canning
- b) Ripon
- c) Dalhousie
- d) Mayo
- Q7. Which of the following statement is true with regard to the Golden Farman
- a) It granted the privilege of trading in Bengal in return for a fixed annual payment of duties worth Rs. 3000
- b) It allowed free trade in the ports belonging to the kingdom of Golkunda on payment of duties with 500 pagodas
- c) The English factories were not bothered with demands of customs for goods imported or exported by land or by water
- d) The English were allowed to fortify their positions on Indian soil

Q8.

List I	List-II
A. Hindu widow's remarriage	1. William Bentinck
B. Prohibition of Sati	2. Lansdowne
C. Age of Consent Act 3. Ellenborough	
D. Abolition of slavery	4. Dalhousie

a)
$$A - 3$$
; $B - 4$; $C - 2$; $D - 1$

b)
$$A - 4$$
; $B - 2$; $C - 1$; $D - 3$

c)
$$A - 4$$
; $B - 1$; $C - 2$; $D - 3$

d)
$$A - 2$$
; $B - 1$; $C - 3$; $D - 4$

Q9. After 1880, Railways were built during British rule in India through-

- a) Indian merchants or money-lenders
- b) Private enterprise
- c) State Agency
- d) A and B both

Q10. Due to commercial rivalry the Dutch indulged in the massacre of Englishmen at

- a) Malacca
- b) Amboyna
- c) Surat
- d) Cassimbazar

Q11. Which of the following statements about Fourth Anglo- Mysore War are correct?

- The Madras Council suggested a policy of rigorous and intense attack on Mysore.
- Lord Wellesley tried to revive the triple alliance.

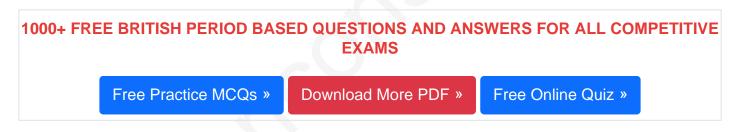
- Tipu sent emissaries to Arabia, Versailles, Mauritius and Kabul enlisting support against the English.
- The war was of a very short duration though decisive.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 2, 3 and 4
- b) 1, 3 and 4
- c) 2 and 4
- d) 1 and 3

Q12. Which of the following is incorrect?

- a) Clive was the first European who initiated the policy of taking part in the internal quarrels of the Indian princes to acquire territory and power in India.
- b) Duplex was the first European who initiated the policy of taking part in the internal quarrels of the Indian princes to acquire territory and power.
- c) Albuquerque was the first European who took part in the internal quarrels of the Indian princes to acquire territory and power.
- d) Warren Hastings was the first European who took part in the internal quarrels of the Indian princes to acquire territory and power.



Q13. Which one of the following was not a result of British colonial rule in India?

- a) Ruin of Indian agriculture
- b) Ruin of Indian industries
- c) Ruin of Indian trade
- d) Ruin of Indian feudalism

Q14. When and by whom were the Portuguese driven out of Hughli in Bengal?

a) 1631-Qasim Khan

b) 1666-Prince Shuja c) 1625-Shaista Khan d) 1650-Prince Murad Q15. Identify the Acts passed by the British Government in 1856. i. Religious disabilities Act ii. General Service Enlistment Act iii. Hindu Widow Remarriage Act iv. Abolition of the Sati (Regulation XVII) a) i, ii, iii b) i, iii, iv c) ii, iii, iv d) All of above Read More modern british period Question and Answes » Answers to the above questions: Q1. Answer: (b) Q2. Answer: (c) Q3. Answer: (b) 5000+ INDIAN HISTORY MCQ TOPIC WISE MCQ QUESTION BANK WITH SOLVED **ANSWERS & FREE PDF**

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STONE AGE ADVENT OF EUROPEANS INITIAL MODERN INDIA

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GOVERNOR, GOVERNOR GENERAL AND VICEROY

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Q4. Answer: (b)	
Q5. Answer: (b)	
Q6. Answer: (a)	
Q7. Answer: (b)	
Q8. Answer: (c)	

Q9. Answer: (d)

Q10. Answer: (b)	
Q11. Answer: (a)	
Q12. Answer: (c)	
Q13. Answer: (d)	
Q14. Answer: (a)	
Q15. Answer: (a)	

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